

performance of such labor be accepted by such person as a condition upon which said food or lodging is given and received; and if any person refuses or neglects, when so required, to perform such labor suited to his age, strength and capacity, in return for the food or lodging so asked for and received by him, within the time above specified, he shall be deemed a vagrant and be punishable as such.

## II.

### JURISDICTION, PROCEDURE AND SENTENCE.

#### Indictments—Forgery and False Pretenses.

1898, ch. 120.

**291 A.** In every indictment for robbery, larceny or embezzlement of any kind, when the offense shall relate to money, and in every indictment for obtaining money by false pretenses, or for receiving stolen money, or for any kind of fraudulent conversion of money, and in every other indictment, whenever it shall become necessary to make any averment as to money, it shall be sufficient to describe said money as so much current money, or so many dollars, or dollars and cents, current money, without specifying any particular coins, or notes, or certificates, circulating as money, or other species of money; and such allegation, so far as regards the description of the money, shall be sustained by proof of any amount of coin, or notes or certificates circulating as money or other species of money, although the particular species of coin, or notes or certificates circulating as money, or other species of money, of which said amount was composed, shall not be proved.

*State v. Blizzard*, 70 Md. 388-9.

#### Indictments—Selling Liquor.

1890, ch. 429. 1890, ch. 492.

**291 B.** In any indictment for the unlawful sale or disposition of spirituous or fermented liquors or lager beer, it shall not be necessary to specify the particular variety, provided the indictment sets forth an unlawful sale or disposition of intoxicating liquor, but the defendant on application to the State's attorney before trial, may obtain a statement of the particular variety of liquor expected to be proved.